

# Hongkong Telegraph

FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1894.

THIRTY DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

## Banks.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.  
AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,000,000  
SUBSCRIBED £1,000,000

BANKERS:  
LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LIMITED.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Daily Balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:—  
For 12 Months 5 per cent.  
" 6 " 4 " "  
" 3 " 3 " "

JOHN THURBURN,  
Manager, Hongkong.  
Hongkong, 4th February, 1893. [20]

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA, LIMITED.

Authorised Capital £1,000,000  
Subscribed Capital £500,000

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

Chair. of Directors:—  
D. Gillies, Esq. Chow Tung Shang, Esq.  
Chan Kit Shan, Esq. Kwan Hoi Chuen, Esq.  
H. Stotteloh, Esq. Chief Manager,  
GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR.

Branches:—London, Yokohama, Shanghai and Amoy.

BANKERS:—  
The Commercial Bank of Scotland.  
Parrs Banking Co., and The Alliance Bank (Ld.)

Interest for 12 months Fixed, 5 per Cent.  
Hongkong, 16th November, 1893. [7]

THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,000,000  
CAPITAL PAID-UP £251,993.15.0

BANKERS:—  
CAPITAL & COUNTRIES BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:—  
No. 3, PRINCE'S STREET, LONDON.

BRANCHES:—  
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

AGENCIES:—  
PENANG, SINGAPORE AND YOKOHAMA.

RATES OF INTEREST.  
ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS and Fixed Deposits can be ascertained on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

CHANTREY INCHBALD,  
Manager.  
Hongkong, 6th November, 1893. [32]

## Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION  
OF  
JAPANESE WARE AND WORKS OF ART.

The Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by  
PUBLIC AUCTION,  
TO-MORROW

(SATURDAY), the 20th January, 1894,  
commencing at 2.30 P.M.,  
at No. 1 SALE ROOMS, DUNDRELL STREET.

(Received from Japan)  
A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT OF  
JAPANESE WARE AND WORKS OF ART,  
Comprising—

Every branch of JAPANESE ART INDUSTRY. This is one of the FINEST COLLECTIONS that has been offered to the public for some years past.

Descriptive Catalogues will be offered previous to the Sale, and the Articles will be on view to-morrow (Friday), the 19th instant, up to 6 P.M.

TERMS OF SALE:—As customary.  
GEO. P. LAMBERT,  
Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 18th January, 1894. [102]

FURNITURE SALE  
BY  
A. E. SKEELS & Co.,  
at their  
SALE ROOMS, 17, PRAYA CENTRAL,  
TO-MORROW  
(SATURDAY), 20th January, 1894,  
at 2.45 P.M. prompt.  
(For Sunday Accounts.)  
USEFUL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,  
COTTAGE PIANO, &c.  
Comprising:—

Drawing-room, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture, Hair-dressing Sides, Dressing-tables, Double and Single Wardrobes with Bureaux, Glass Dressing-tables, Marble-top and Fancy Tables, Extension Dining-tables, Chests of Drawers, Book-cases, Writing Desks, Fenders and Fire Irons, Double and Single Bedsteads, Carpets, Rugs and Various

HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES.

On View from Friday.

SALE TERMS:—As customary.  
A. E. SKEELS & Co.,  
Auctioneers and Valuers.

Hongkong, 17th January, 1894. [114]

## Masonic.

VICTORIA LODGE

HONGKONG, No. 1026.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in the FREEMASONS' HALL, Zealand Street, on MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at 8.30 for 9 p.m. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited.

Hongkong, 18th January, 1894. [118]

ROTHEN MARK LODGE, No. 344.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above MARK LODGE will be held in the FREEMASONS' HALL, Zealand Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at 8.30 for 9 p.m. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend.

Hongkong, 17th January, 1894. [119]

## Insurances.

THE  
STANDARD.  
ENDOWMENT  
ASSURANCE.

1. AMONG THE MANY ADVANTAGES of this form of Assurance, the following may be mentioned:—

(a)—It secures an immediate Provision for wife and family or other relatives in event of early death.

(b)—It provides a Fund for Retirement.

(c)—It supplies an excellent Investment for the regular accumulation of small fixed sums of money.

(d)—The Surrender and loan values are larger than under ordinary Policies.

2. AFTER THE POLICY HAS BEEN THREE YEARS IN FORCE—should the Policy-holder wish to discontinue future payments—he will be entitled to receive, on application, a FREE PAID-UP POLICY for a proportionate amount of the Sum Assured, as explained in the Prospectus.

Full particulars on application.

DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,  
Agents,  
STANDARD LIFE OFFICE,  
Hongkong, 8th August, 1893. [747]

THE LION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

WE have this Day been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, and are prepared to accept FIRE RISKS at CURRENT RATES.

DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,  
Hongkong, 1st January, 1894. [65]

NOTICE.  
THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED £1,000,000

The above Company is prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on Goods, &c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world payable at any of its Agencies.

HEAD OFFICE,  
No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST,  
Hongkong, 24th November, 1893. [173]

GENERAL NOTICE.  
THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

CAPITAL, TAI-SE 600,000 } \$333,333.33  
EQUAL TO ..... }  
RESERVE FUND ..... } \$118,000.00

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.  
LEE SING, Esq. LO YUEK MOON, Esq.  
LOU TEO SHUN, Esq.

MANAGER—HO AMEL

MARINE RISKS ON GOODS, &c., taken at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the World.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST,  
Hankow, 17th December, 1893. [1074]

## Intimations.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Queen's Road East, between the west end of the Naval Yard and Arsenal Street, will be CLOSED from TO-MORROW and until further notice each day during the time set apart for blasting, viz., 12.00 to 12.30 P.M., and 4.40 to 4.45 P.M., during the construction of the NEW DRAINAGE WORKS in this Road.

By Command,  
G. T. M. O'BRIEN,  
Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Hongkong, 18th January, 1894. [116]

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS THE MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company held upon the 2nd Floor of the Chai Hing Lau upon the 4th July, 1893, has now been admitted to have been irregularly convened and the resolutions passed thereat have been admitted to have been invalid and not binding on the Company, and whereas upon the Payment of the Plaintiffs' costs, Silt No. 40 of 1893 has been withdrawn.

Notices is hereby given that the Undersigned have RESUMED their POSITIONS as DIRECTORS, and notice is also hereby given that the Meeting of Shareholders held upon the 2nd and 3rd January, 1894, was also irregularly convened and no resolution passed thereat and confirmed at a subsequent meeting is valid or can have any binding effect upon the Shareholders; the Undersigned having protested against such last-mentioned meeting previous to the same having been held.

BAN HOP, by his Attorney,  
KAW HONG TAKE,  
LAM SIN BANG,  
Hongkong, 18th January, 1894. [120]

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG STEAM LAUNCH COMPANY, beg to announce that they have PURCHASED the Fleet of the Steam-Launch Company, Limited, and are prepared to let Launches by the Day or Hour.

The Company's Launch "PERSEVERANCE" will make daily trips to Macao.

OFFICES:—PEDDER STREET,  
Hongkong, 17th January, 1894. [117]

## Intimations.

THE  
HONGKONG HOTEL.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS, "Kremila"—A. B. C. Code.—TELEPHONE, No. 32.

PROPRIETORS:—THE HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL—the most commodious and best appointed Hotel in the Far East, affords unequalled accommodation to travellers and others. It is situated in the centre of the town, opposite the General Post Office and the Hongkong Club, adjacent to Pedder's Wharf (the principal landing stage of the Colony) and in close proximity to the Banks and Shipping Offices.

THE HOTEL STEAM LAUNCH conveys passengers and baggage to and from all Mail Steamers. THE TABLE D'HOTE, at separate tables, is supplied with every delicacy, the cuisine being under experienced supervision.

THE BED-ROOMS, with adjoining Bath-rooms, are lofty and well ventilated, open on to spacious Verandahs, are lighted by gas and fitted throughout with electric communicators. The Reading, Writing and Smoking Rooms, Ladies' Dressing Rooms, the new, Bar and public BILLIARD ROOMS (Six English and American Tables) are fitted with every convenience. THE WINES & SPIRITS are selected by an Expert and the BEST BRANDS only are supplied. HYDRAULIC ASCENDING ROOMS of the latest and most approved type convey passengers and baggage from the Entrance Hall to each of the five floors above.

NIGHT PORTERS and WATCHMEN are continually on duty.

R. TUCKER,  
Manager.  
Hongkong, 17th November, 1893. [108]

KELLY & WALSH, LD.

WITH A VIEW TO EFFECTING A CLEARANCE, WE OFFER THE WHOLE STOCK OF OUR PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES, MOSTLY IN CABINET SIZE, AT A DISCOUNT OF 25 PER CENT. A SELECTION OF OVER 500 TO CHOOSE FROM. THIS OFFER WILL REMAIN OPEN DURING THE MONTH OF JANUARY ONLY.

KELLY & WALSH, LIMITED,  
Hongkong, 11th January, 1894. [6]

W. BREWER.

HAS JUST RECEIVED  
5,000 NEW CHEAP NOVELS.

WALLACE'S PRINCE OF INDIA, author: Ben Hur. A 1 Telegraph Code. Gellie's Text Book of Geology. New Queen's Regulations. All the Christmas Annuals. Gentlemen's Brown Russia and Calf Walking Boots and Shoes.

Dancing Pump. New Stock Solid-sold Tennis Shoes. Also the Renshaw Shoe. Association and Rugby Footballs. Indian Clubs. Chevalier's New Song, "Nipper's Lullaby." New Dance Music.

W. BREWER,  
UNDER HONGKONG HOTEL,  
QUEEN'S ROAD.  
Hongkong, 6th January, 1894. [40]

CENTRAL HOTEL, SHANGHAI.

Electric Lighting throughout the Premises.

Telegraphic Address—"CENTRAL," SHANGHAI.

THIS long-established SELECT Family Hotel, situated on the Bund, facing the river in the centre of the Settlements, is now fitted with the latest modern improvements, including Bath and Dressing Rooms ATTACHED to Suites and Single Rooms, with hot and cold water laid on, DOUCHE, SHOWERS, SPRAYS, etc., and heated to a comfortable temperature during winter.

COMMODOUS RECEPTION ROOM FOR VISITORS.

SEPARATE ROOMS FOR PRIVATE DINNER PARTIES, &c.

An Assistant attends on Passengers by Mail Steamers.

N.B.—Special reduced charges may be arranged for on application to the Manager.

F. E. REILLY,  
PROPRIETOR.

DAWSON'S PERFECTION OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.

ALLISTON & CO., SOLE AGENTS, Hongkong and the Far East, 81, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 11th December, 1893. [41]

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

NEW STOCK OF SADDLERY.

RACING GEAR.

STABLE REQUISITES.

RACING SADDLES, WHIPS, BRIDLES, WEIGHT CLOTHS, SADDLE CLOTHS, ROLLERS, GIRTHS, &c.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.,  
Hongkong, 30th December, 1893. [6]

## Intimations.

THE HONGKONG BRICK AND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.  
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held in the Office of the Company, No. 9, Praya Central, TO-MORROW, the 20th January, at 12 o'clock NOON, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts to the 31st October, 1893.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 6th to the 20th inst., both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.  
W. A. DUFF,  
Secretary.  
Hongkong, 19th January, 1894. [72]

THE INSTITUTION OF ENGINEERS AND SHIPBUILDERS, HONGKONG.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS.

THE THIRD ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF MEMBERS will be held in the Rooms, No. 13, Praya Central, on MONDAY, the 22nd January, at 8.45 P.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of Managing Committee and Statement of Accounts to the 31st December, 1893.

ROBERT MITCHELL,  
Hon. Secretary.  
Hongkong, 9th January, 1894. [88]

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SIXTH ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Company's Offices, Victoria Buildings, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th January, 1894, at 12 o'clock (NOON), for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1893.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 15th to WEDNESDAY, the 24th January, 1894, (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors.  
A. SHELTON HOOPER,  
Secretary.  
Hongkong, 8th January, 1894. [82]

THE WEST POINT BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FIFTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING OF the SHAREHOLDERS in this Company will be held at the Company's Offices, Victoria Buildings, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th January, 1894, at 12.30 o'clock, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Board of Directors together with the Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1893.

The REGISTER of SHARES will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 20th to WEDNESDAY, the 24th January, 1894, (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors.  
A. SHELTON HOOPER,  
Secretary to the  
Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Company, Limited,  
General Agents for the West Point Building Company, Limited.  
Hongkong, 8th January, 1894. [83]

VICTORIA RECREATION CLUB.

AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING will be held in the GYMNASIUM on FRIDAY, the 26th instant, at 5.30 P.M., for the purpose of reconsidering the present Rules relating to Ballot and submitting, by way of Special Resolutions, certain New Rules relating to entry by Ballot.

E. D. SANDERS,  
Hon. Secretary.  
Hongkong, 18th January, 1894. [117]

THE KWLOON LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Company's Offices, Victoria Buildings, on MONDAY, the 20th January, 1894, at NOON, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Board of Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts for the twelve months ending 31st December, 1893.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 22nd to MONDAY, the 29th January, 1894, (both days inclusive), during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

A. SHELTON HOOPER,  
Secretary to the  
Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Company, Limited,  
Agents for the Kwloon Land and Building Company, Limited.  
Hongkong, 13th January, 1894. [199]

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FIFTY-FIFTH ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 18, Bank Buildings, Queen's Road Central, on FRIDAY, the 2nd February, at 12 o'clock NOON, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Account, declaring a Dividend, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 20th instant to the 2nd February, inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.  
T. ARNOLD,  
Secretary.  
Hongkong, 15th January, 1894. [104]

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the KONINKLIJKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPIJ, are prepared to transit through Bills of Lading to Ports of Java, Sumatra (East and West Coasts), Celebes, Timor, Sunda Islands, Dutch New Guinea, &c., &c. Bills of Lading for through Cargo from these Ports to be presented to the Undersigned for countersignature.

LAUTS, WEGENER & Co.,  
Managers.  
Hongkong, 15th November, 1893. [105]

## Shipping.

STEAMERS.  
THE CHINA AND MANILA STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR MANILA, VIA AMOY.

THE Company's Steamship

"ZAFIRO"

Captain A. W. R. Cobban, will be despatched for the above Ports TO-MORROW, the 20th inst., at 4 P.M.

This Steamer has Superior Accommodation for Passengers.

For Freight or Passage, apply to SHEWAN & Co., General Managers.  
Hongkong, 17th January, 1894. [110]

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND TAMSUI.

THE Company's Steamship

"FORMOSA"

Captain Hall, will be despatched for the above Ports on SUNDAY, the 21st instant, at Daylight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAIR & Co., General Managers.  
Hongkong, 17th January, 1894. [116]

"WARRACK" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

THE Steamship

"ARGVILL"

Captain Williamson, R.N.R., will be despatched as above on or about TUESDAY, the 23rd inst.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DODWELL, CARLILL & Co., Agents.  
Hongkong, 15th January, 1894. [106]

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.

(Calling at PORT DARWIN and QUEENSLAND PORTS, and taking through Cargo to ADELAIDE, NEW ZEALAND, TASMANIA, &c.)

THE Steamship

"GUTHRIE"

Captain Helms, will be despatched for the above Ports on WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at Daylight.

This well-known Steamer is specially fitted for Passengers, and has large Cooling Chambers, thus ensuring a supply of Fresh Meat, Ice, &c., throughout the voyage. A duly qualified Surgeon is carried.

For Freight or Passage, apply to GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Agents.  
Hongkong, 16th January, 1894. [109]

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR NEW YORK, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship

"FLINTSHIRE"

Captain Dwyer, will be despatched for the above Ports on or about THURSDAY, the 25th inst.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DODWELL, CARLILL & Co., Agents.  
Hongkong, 17th January, 1894. [1218]

"SHELL" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR HAMBURG AND LONDON.

THE Steamship

"BULLMOUTH"

Captain Scott, will be despatched for the above Ports on or about TUESDAY, the 30th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to SHEWAN & Co., Agents.  
Hongkong, 4th January, 1894. [61]

SAILING VESSELS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE 100 A. I. British Ship

"MACMILLAN"

Guthrie, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to SHEWAN & Co., Agents.  
Hongkong, 1st December, 1893. [37]

FOR NEW YORK.

THE 100 A. I. British Ship

"BANGALORE"

Condon, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to SHEWAN & Co., Agents.  
Hongkong, 8th December, 1893. [39]

FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 L. I. L. American Ship

"KENILWORTH"

Baker, Master, now at Shanghai, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to SHEWAN & Co., Agents.  
Hongkong, 5th December, 1893. [38]

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.



## For Sale.

IMPORTANT INTIMATION.  
NOW READY.

"THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST," A DIRECTORY AND WORK OF REFERENCE ON ALL IMPORTANT LOCAL SUBJECTS FOR HONGKONG, MACAO, CHINA, JAPAN, THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, SIAM, INDO-CHINA, NORTH BORNEO, THE PHILIPPINES, AND COREA, FOR THE YEAR 1894.

PRICE THREE DOLLARS.

THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY has again been enlarged and will be found THE CHEAPEST, MOST COMPLETE, AND MOST RELIABLE WORK OF THE KIND EVER PUBLISHED IN THE FAR EAST.

THE above named work, published at the Office of "THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH," contains a Directory for the Ports in the large portion of Asia between Penang, in the Straits Settlements, and the Northern Chinese Ports, including Vladivostok, Formosa, the Treaty Ports of China and Japan, Coochin-China, the Philippine Islands, Corea, British North Borneo, the British Colony of Hongkong, and the Portuguese Colony of Macao. It also contains the Principal Treaties between European countries and the United States and the countries East of the Straits, including the Treaties and Conventions between China and Great Britain, France, Germany, Russia, the United States of America, Brazil, Japan, Peru, Spain, and Portugal; together with conditions of Trade, and the Port, Customs, Consular, and Harbour Regulations for the Ports of China and Japan; also descriptions of the various Ports, with the latest Trade Statistics, taken from the Reports of the Imperial Maritime Customs and other reliable sources.

The various Governments and Municipal Corporations, and all Public Bodies and Companies, Bankers, Merchants, Consuls, Professional men and other Residents, have supplied the necessary matter, upon forms specially sent for that purpose so as to ensure accuracy. The Naval and Military portions have been taken from the latest published official lists and revised at Headquarters; in fact, no pains have been spared to make "THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST" a handy and perfectly reliable book of reference for all classes.

In addition to the information enumerated above "THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST" for 1894 contains a carefully revised

INDEX TO THE ORDINANCES OF HONGKONG;

A SPECIAL LIST OF FOREIGNERS employed in Steamers making short voyages from Hongkong;

THE PRIVATE RESIDENCES of the Principal Government Officials, the Leading Merchants, the Foreign Consuls, Professional Men, Justices of the Peace, &c.

A LADIES DIRECTORY FOR HONGKONG, The latest and only reliable

PLAN OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA, showing the proposed Reclamations and all recent additions and improvements,

AND A Mass of interesting information on various subjects, culled from the most trustworthy sources.

A CHAPTER ON SPORT gives all statistics up to date regarding the Derby, St. Leger and other great events, Athletic records, the WINNERS of all IMPORTANT RACES at HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, FOCHOV, and AMOY, with times, and other interesting particulars, carefully compiled from the most reliable sources, making "THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST" a *valde* medium for all classes of sportsmen.

"THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST" for 1894 is printed on a superior quality of Paper, and is the best printed and most handsomely bound volume ever published East of the Suez Canal.

"THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST," in order that it may circulate extensively outside this Colony, is published at a POPULAR PRICE, and can be ordered at This Office, or through any of our Agents at the various Ports, for

THREE DOLLARS.

There is not space in the compass of an Ordinary Advertisement to detail all the information introduced into the work, but it may be fairly asserted that no such Directory has ever been published, either in Hongkong or any other part of the East, at such a low price.

"THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST" offers Special Advantages as an Advertising Medium. It has an extensive circulation in all Ports between Singapore and Newchwang, in the Australian Colonies, the United States, and the United Kingdom, and the scale of charges has been fixed at an exceptionally low rate. Terms can be learned on application.

Suggestions for the improvement of this work are respectfully solicited.

Orders for COPIES, and for ADVERTISEMENTS may be sent to the Agents at the various Ports, or to the Office of

"THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" PRINTER'S HALL, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 16th January, 1894.

## Intimations.

DR. FENWICK'S FOOD  
FOR  
NURSING MOTHERS AND INFANTS  
ALSO FOR  
DYSPEPTICS AND INVALIDS.

It is specially recommended as an article of diet for NURSING MOTHERS as it will strengthen and support them and at the same time enrich the Natural Milk and increase the Supply.

INFANTS FED on this Food put on flesh rapidly. In two and sixpenny and one and sixpenny bottles at \$1.10 and 70 Cents.

AGENTS IN HONGKONG:  
**DAKIN, CRUICKSHANK & COMPANY, LIMITED,**  
VICTORIA DISPENSARY.  
Hongkong, 12th January, 1894.

## A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LD.

WE INVITE ATTENTION TO OUR STOCKS  
OF  
**CONFECTIONERY  
AND  
CHRISTMAS GOODS.**

JORDAN ALMONDS, NOUGAT, BUTTER  
SCOTCH, ASSORTED TOFFEES,  
DRAGEES, FRUITS, &c.  
and a large selection

PURE CONFECTIONERY  
from the leading Manufacturers.

CADBURY'S SPECIAL  
CHOCOLATE CREMES.

PINE, APRICOT, CHERRY, LIME, GUAVA,  
and other  
FRUIT JELLIES  
in great variety.

**TOM SMITH'S  
CHRISTMAS CRACKERS.**

COLOURED OPALS  
MOUNTED IN PLUSH,  
representing favourite subjects.

A. S. WATSON & Co., LIMITED,  
The Hongkong Dispensary.  
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.  
Hongkong, 3rd November, 1893.

**BIRTH.**  
On January 15th, 1894, at No. 16, Kaitford Terrace, Kowloon, the wife of Captain W. H. FREEMAN, of a son.

**MARRIAGE.**  
At the U.S. Consulate, Chinkiang, at 7:30 p.m. on Monday, 8th January, by the Rev. F. E. MEIGS, the Rev. E. T. WILLIAMS, to Miss ROSE SICKLER, both of the Christian Mission, Nanking.

**DEATH.**  
On January 17th, at No. 16, Kaitford Terrace, Kowloon, ARTHUR CECIL, the infant son of William and Maude Freeman.

**The Hongkong Telegraph.**

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1894.

**THE BRITISH NAVY.**

ADMIRAL DE HORSEY, in a letter to the *Daily Graphic*, draws attention to some of the chief deficiencies in the personnel of the Navy—a well-worn subject, which is, however, of special interest at the present moment. If Mr. PENN, M.P., is dissatisfied with the lack of engineers, Admiral de Horsey is equally confident that we have far too few lieutenants and sub-lieutenants for the exigencies of war; in short, he is convinced that the Navy is dangerously under-officered. In support of this contention, the Admiral points out that the officers can only with great difficulty be spared in order to visit their friends after a commission abroad, and that the short periods of leave due to them are frequently curtailed. The fact is in itself a serious grievance, to which attention has often been directed in the home press. Admiral de Horsey believes that we have only enough men to provide crews in time of peace, and compares our 23,000 "insufficiently trained reservemen" with the 114,000 men in the French royal reserve. Of this great reserve, as Sir T. STURGES has frequently stated, 25,000, or more, are now serving, and the remainder have undergone at least some training. It is believed, in ships of war. Those who are disposed to put blind confidence in the present system of British naval administration would do well to weigh the following paragraph of Admiral de Horsey's letter:—"The general public seems to imagine that with a distinguished statesman at the Admiralty—advised by able naval lords who have been selected for their special fitness—the adequate strength of the Navy

ought to be assured. They perhaps forget that nominally the sole responsibility (under Mr. CHURCHILL'S Order in Council) rests with the First Lord, who must—or thinks he must—act in unison with the political exigencies of the Prime Minister and his party; and also that the naval lords, owing to an exaggerated sense of loyalty to their chief, refrain from expressing publicly what they know to be our perilous condition." As a matter of fact, the remedy is very simple—so plain, in fact, and so strong a case for natural justice to be done, that probably that is the very reason why the author stubbornly refuse to see it. Why not raise men from the ranks for merit? In any department of life where business-like common-sense is used, a man is promoted on his merits, without limit to his chances if he works for them. An officer may have been born with better brains than a millionaire—and the brains come to the front every time. The present Lord Mayor of London (once an office boy, now a merchant prince) and thousands of others are living proofs of this law. The army has been compelled to admit the principle, though "the classes" still preserve a modified monopoly; a private soldier may rise to the rank of colonel, by a tremendous amount of effort and a good deal of luck; but the Navy remains a hot-bed of injustice and absolutely dangerous conservatism. No man may become an officer in any of her Majesty's ships unless he happens to have been born in a family rich enough to float him with a commission from the start, or rather on leaving school. Unpaid Parliament necessarily consist of men in some such exalted station, and "that's why." The result of this moneyed monopoly is that men have no inducement to join the ranks, while officers are necessarily inexperienced schoolboys more than anything else. Thus the *Serpent* was lost by a juvenile "navigating lieutenant" last year; thus probably half of the Naval disasters may be explained. Usually the officer has just enough sense to rely on his subordinates, and follow the advice of his inferiors in rank, until after many years he picks up perhaps as much knowledge of the business as he ought to have had at first. In the French Navy, on the other hand, a man may rise from the lowest to the highest, if he is worthy; and the result is that most men are glad to serve, beginning at the bottom and working up. Thus there is an ample supply of experienced officers, for the Navy as for the Army, and also of professional sailors and soldiers, as distinguished from unwilling conscripts who only serve the minimum term; and also from amateurs who can only attain moderate success by picking the brains of supposed "meatier mortals." In the British Navy, there is a rule providing for the admission of not more than twelve men *per annum* to commission rank; and even that paltry concession is little more than nominal, for it does not enable a man to act as even a lieutenant, nor to rise a single grade higher. All it does is to entitle him to the initials R.N. after his name! Thus, when last year we chronicled the promotion of Mr. G. Sourn, chief boatswain of the Naval Yard, to "commission rank," it was an honour not attained by one in a thousand; yet it was an empty honour, for it practically ends his career in the Navy—it puts a full-stop to his advancement. Who can wonder that men are unwilling to join the Navy, or that officers are scarce and poor in quality? The last Government had been induced to take the matter into consideration just before losing power, when of course nothing could be done; but it is only a question of time when the change will have to take place.

THE P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamer *City of Rio de Janeiro*, with mails, &c., from San Francisco to the 30th ult., has arrived at Yokohama, and will leave for this port to-morrow morning. THEY encourage matrimony in Albania. In that country when a girl wants to get married she collects all her money and mounts the coins on her cap. You can then see what she is worth. A REGULAR Convocation of Victoria Chapter, No. 525, will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zealand Street, this evening, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially invited. THE German mail steamship *Preussen*, which arrived this morning from Europe, reports that she was detained in a thick fog from 6 a.m. until 9 p.m. yesterday in the vicinity of Gap Rock. THE hockey match played in Happy Valley yesterday afternoon between teams representing Commerce and the Professionals resulted, after a hard fight, in a win for the "Pros" by three goals to one.

THERE was another big house to witness D'Arcy's famous Marionettes last night. This evening's show will be under the special patronage of Major-General Dibley Barker, when the military will no doubt roll up in regiments. On the 12th inst. the *débris* of the Yangtseepoo Cotton Cloth Mills at Shanghai, destroyed by fire last October, were put up to auction in one lot, Mr. C. H. W. Williams as auctioneer. The hammer fell at 11.12.60, it being understood that the property was bought in.

SUBJECT to the Directors of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank propose at the forthcoming meeting to declare a dividend for the half-year of £1 per share; place \$300,000 to credit of Reserve Fund; \$100,000 to credit of Bank Premises account, and carry forward \$115,290 83 to the next half year.

THE wreck of the steamer *Normandy*, (vessel and cargo) as she lies at Palo Bantan, about fifty miles from Singapore, was sold at auction by Messrs. Powell & Co., Singapore, on the 11th inst., and knocked down to Mr. Keok Seng for \$700. The purchaser intends to send out a steamer to the wreck for salvage purposes.

I AM informed, writes the correspondent of the *Strait Times* under date January 5th, that the steamer *Siam*, the Panjani Company's stern-wheeler which went upstream some time ago is being broken up at Panjani, the boat being unfit for further use. The boiler and machinery are, however, said to be fairly serviceable, and they are to be made use of in the mines.

THE *Bangkok Times* reports that a civil action for the recovery of \$5,000 damages from the Borneo Company, Limited, has been entered in the British Consular Court at Siam, by Mr. E. B. Michell on behalf of the widow of Madge Pickay, who was killed a few weeks ago during a dispute regarding certain timber. The Borneo Company, who have retained Mr. Tilleke, in their turn intend bringing an action against the real owner of the wood, a British subject, for actual loss of time incurred by their servants and for damages.

THE German barque *Orient*, which arrived at Shanghai from Singapore and Hongkong on the 12th inst., made a record passage—13 days. She left Singapore on Sept. 16th and after weathering a couple of typhoons which did considerable damage, she put into Hongkong for repairs on October 5th, as recorded in these columns at the time. Leaving again on the 17th, the voyage from Hongkong to Shanghai occupied only 8½ days. The N.E. monsoon in the China Sea this year has been one of the strongest experienced for many years.

AFTER being kept out in the cold since time immemorial, Chinese-owned steamers running in opposition to the Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamboat Co.'s vessels have at last procured a wharf in a convenient part of the Praya, and on Wednesday last the *Sui Ki Chan* river steamer *Kwong-hoi* for the first time came alongside the new landing place, which is near the China Navigation Co.'s wharf. This recent addition to wharves on the Hongkong side is an extension of one of the old launch landing stages and is nearly opposite Pen Keel on Praya Central; it is 250 feet long, by about 30 feet broad in the widest part.

THE story of the life of the new Lord Mayor of London (G. R. Tyler) calls to mind the story of "Dick Whittington" sometime the incumbent of the same office. He started in life a very poor boy, and when fourteen years old was employed as a messenger in the great paper-making house of William Venable, the partners in which furnished, it is said, to Charles Dickens the characters of Chesbury Brothers, the philanthropists, in "Nicholas Nickleby." The boy advanced in position slowly, but surely, and he is now the head of this great manufacturing concern. He is noted for his extensive charities, and he has given many a boy, poor as he himself once was, an opportunity to better his condition. He is a member of several of the city guilds, and his wealth, despite his large gifts to charity, is reckoned at upwards of £2,000,000.

THE Singapore *Straits Times* of the 11th inst. says: "By notices which arrived to-day by mail from Pekin, the Pahang Government has cancelled numerous concessions on the ground that these are not being worked as provided by the mining regulations. The registered companies probably affected are Ketchau Pahang, Malay Peninsula Prospecting, Pahang Central, Pahang Kabang, Pahang Exploration, Pahang Rivers, Pahang Semantan Jellei, and Pahang Seran. It is said that the cancellation has been conducted on sufficiently reasonable lines. When a company holds several concessions, and itself or its deputy has worked seriously on one concession, that concession remains uncancelled. For instance, one territory of the Malay Peninsula Prospecting Company is understood to be continued to that Company, because of the work it has done.

At the Police Court this morning, Mr. H. E. Woodhouse on the bench, Abdoolah Khan, a private in the Hongkong Regiment, was charged with attempting to murder Noor Mahomet, a *hauddar*, in the same regiment. Inspector Hanson appeared for the police—we should like to know why the Crown Solicitor was not present to prosecute in a case of this importance—; the prisoner, of course, pleaded not guilty. The case is of the administration of British justice in Hongkong—being un-defended, although he does not understand a word of the English language. The usual idiotic preliminary lot was laboriously gone through, the evidence, so far as it went, tending to show that the prisoner had shot Noor Mahomet with a revolver on the parade ground at Kowloon about 8.30 o'clock on the morning of the 18th inst. Prisoner gave himself up immediately after committing the rash act. After hearing some evidence to the effect that Abdoolah Khan had admitted firing four shots at the *hauddar*, and believed that he had killed him, the further hearing of the case was adjourned until to-morrow morning. The *hauddar* is still in hospital.

THE London Lyric Company had arranged to leave Madras for Penang as soon after the 15th inst. as possible. The exact date of their arrival in Hongkong is yet uncertain.

ANOTHER dose of Robinsonian gush in course of preparation. His Excellency the Governor—*heaven bless him!*—has kindly consented to disburse the price to the people of the Diocesan School and Orphanage on Friday the 26th inst., at noon.

THE American mail papers, per *Oriente*, came to hand as were going to press.

THERE will be some interesting "powing" at the Races to-morrow morning.

THE Amateur Dramatic Club's business will be thrashed out in to-morrow's *Telegraph*.

MADRID telegrams to the Manila papers indicate prospects of a tariff war between France and Spain over the question of wine duties.

THE Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s royal mail steamer *Empress of Japan* arrived at Vancouver at 12.30 p.m. on Thursday, the 18th inst.

DR. JAR. Cantile yesterday resumed his course of lectures before the St. John's Ambulance Corps (local police branch) at the Central Station.

THE Singapore *Free Press* "hears on good authority that the Hon. H. Trotter is engaged to be married." Bravo, Trotter! Going to trot in double harness!

THE London Lyric Company had arranged to leave Madras for Penang as soon after the 15th inst. as possible. The exact date of their arrival in Hongkong is yet uncertain.

ANOTHER dose of Robinsonian gush in course of preparation. His Excellency the Governor—*heaven bless him!*—has kindly consented to disburse the price to the people of the Diocesan School and Orphanage on Friday the 26th inst., at noon.

THE American mail papers, per *Oriente*, came to hand as were going to press.

THERE will be some interesting "powing" at the Races to-morrow morning.

THE Amateur Dramatic Club's business will be thrashed out in to-morrow's *Telegraph*.

THE P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamer *City of Rio de Janeiro*, with mails, &c., from San Francisco to the 30th ult., has arrived at Yokohama, and will leave for this port to-morrow morning.

THEY encourage matrimony in Albania. In that country when a girl wants to get married she collects all her money and mounts the coins on her cap. You can then see what she is worth.

A REGULAR Convocation of Victoria Chapter, No. 525, will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zealand Street, this evening, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

THE German mail steamship *Preussen*, which arrived this morning from Europe, reports that she was detained in a thick fog from 6 a.m. until 9 p.m. yesterday in the vicinity of Gap Rock.

THE hockey match played in Happy Valley yesterday afternoon between teams representing Commerce and the Professionals resulted, after a hard fight, in a win for the "Pros" by three goals to one.

THERE was another big house to witness D'Arcy's famous Marionettes last night. This evening's show will be under the special patronage of Major-General Dibley Barker, when the military will no doubt roll up in regiments.

On the 12th inst. the *débris* of the Yangtseepoo Cotton Cloth Mills at Shanghai, destroyed by fire last October, were put up to auction in one lot, Mr. C. H. W. Williams as auctioneer. The hammer fell at 11.12.60, it being understood that the property was bought in.

SUBJECT to the Directors of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank propose at the forthcoming meeting to declare a dividend for the half-year of £1 per share; place \$300,000 to credit of Reserve Fund; \$100,000 to credit of Bank Premises account, and carry forward \$115,290 83 to the next half year.

THE wreck of the steamer *Normandy*, (vessel and cargo) as she lies at Palo Bantan, about fifty miles from Singapore, was sold at auction by Messrs. Powell & Co., Singapore, on the 11th inst., and knocked down to Mr. Keok Seng for \$700. The purchaser intends to send out a steamer to the wreck for salvage purposes.

I AM informed, writes the correspondent of the *Strait Times* under date January 5th, that the steamer *Siam*, the Panjani Company's stern-wheeler which went upstream some time ago is being broken up at Panjani, the boat being unfit for further use. The boiler and machinery are, however, said to be fairly serviceable, and they are to be made use of in the mines.

THE *Bangkok Times* reports that a civil action for the recovery of \$5,000 damages from the Borneo Company, Limited, has been entered in the British Consular Court at Siam, by Mr. E. B. Michell on behalf of the widow of Madge Pickay, who was killed a few weeks ago during a dispute regarding certain timber. The Borneo Company, who have retained Mr. Tilleke, in their turn intend bringing an action against the real owner of the wood, a British subject, for actual loss of time incurred by their servants and for damages.

THE German barque *Orient*, which arrived at Shanghai from Singapore and Hongkong on the 12th inst., made a record passage—13 days. She left Singapore on Sept. 16th and after weathering a couple of typhoons which did considerable damage, she put into Hongkong for repairs on October 5th, as recorded in these columns at the time. Leaving again on the 17th, the voyage from Hongkong to Shanghai occupied only 8½ days. The N.E. monsoon in the China Sea this year has been one of the strongest experienced for many years.

AFTER being kept out in the cold since time immemorial, Chinese-owned steamers running in opposition to the Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamboat Co.'s vessels have at last procured a wharf in a convenient part of the Praya, and on Wednesday last the *Sui Ki Chan* river steamer *Kwong-hoi* for the first time came alongside the new landing place, which is near the China Navigation Co.'s wharf. This recent addition to wharves on the Hongkong side is an extension of one of the old launch landing stages and is nearly opposite Pen Keel on Praya Central; it is 250 feet long, by about 30 feet broad in the widest part.

THE story of the life of the new Lord Mayor of London (G. R. Tyler) calls to mind the story of "Dick Whittington" sometime the incumbent of the same office. He started in life a very poor boy, and when fourteen years old was employed as a messenger in the great paper-making house of William Venable, the partners in which furnished, it is said, to Charles Dickens the characters of Chesbury Brothers, the philanthropists, in "Nicholas Nickleby." The boy advanced in position slowly, but surely, and he is now the head of this great manufacturing concern. He is noted for his extensive charities, and he has given many a boy, poor as he himself once was, an opportunity to better his condition. He is a member of several of the city guilds, and his wealth, despite his large gifts to charity, is reckoned at upwards of £2,000,000.

THE Singapore *Straits Times* of the 11th inst. says: "By notices which arrived to-day by mail from Pekin, the Pahang Government has cancelled numerous concessions on the ground that these are not being worked as provided by the mining regulations. The registered companies probably affected are Ketchau Pahang, Malay Peninsula Prospecting, Pahang Central, Pahang Kabang, Pahang Exploration, Pahang Rivers, Pahang Semantan Jellei, and Pahang Seran. It is said that the cancellation has been conducted on sufficiently reasonable lines. When a company holds several concessions, and itself or its deputy has worked seriously on one concession, that concession remains uncancelled. For instance, one territory of the Malay Peninsula Prospecting Company is understood to be continued to that Company, because of the work it has done.

At the Police Court this morning, Mr. H. E. Woodhouse on the bench, Abdoolah Khan, a private in the Hongkong Regiment, was charged with attempting to murder Noor Mahomet, a *hauddar*, in the same regiment. Inspector Hanson appeared for the police—we should like to know why the Crown Solicitor was not present to prosecute in a case of this importance—; the prisoner, of course, pleaded not guilty. The case is of the administration of British justice in Hongkong—being un-defended, although he does not understand a word of the English language. The usual idiotic preliminary lot was laboriously gone through, the evidence, so far as it went, tending to show that the prisoner had shot Noor Mahomet with a revolver on the parade ground at Kowloon about 8.30 o'clock on the morning of the 18th inst. Prisoner gave himself up immediately after committing the rash act. After hearing some evidence to the effect that Abdoolah Khan had admitted firing four shots at the *hauddar*, and believed that he had killed him, the further hearing of the case was adjourned until to-morrow morning. The *hauddar* is still in hospital.

THE London Lyric Company had arranged to leave Madras for Penang as soon after the 15th inst. as possible. The exact date of their arrival in Hongkong is yet uncertain.

ANOTHER dose of Robinsonian gush in course of preparation. His Excellency the Governor—*heaven bless him!*—has kindly consented to disburse the price to the people of the Diocesan School and Orphanage on Friday the 26th inst., at noon.

THE American mail papers, per *Oriente*, came to hand as were going to press.

THERE will be some interesting "powing" at the Races to-morrow morning.

THE Amateur Dramatic Club's business will be thrashed out in to-morrow's *Telegraph*.

MADRID telegrams to the Manila papers indicate prospects of a tariff war between France and Spain over the question of wine duties.

THE Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s royal mail steamer *Empress of Japan* arrived at Vancouver at 12.30 p.m. on Thursday, the 18th inst.

DR. JAR. Cantile yesterday resumed his course of lectures before the St. John's Ambulance Corps (local police branch) at the Central Station.

THE Singapore *Free Press* "hears on good authority that the Hon. H. Trotter is engaged to be married." Bravo, Trotter! Going to trot in double harness!

THE London Lyric Company had arranged to leave Madras for Penang as soon after the 15th inst. as possible. The exact date of their arrival in Hongkong is yet uncertain.

ANOTHER dose of Robinsonian gush in course of preparation. His Excellency the Governor—*heaven bless him!*—has kindly consented to disburse the price to the people of the Diocesan School and Orphanage on Friday the 26th inst., at noon.

THE American mail papers, per *Oriente*, came to hand as were going to press.

THERE will be some interesting "powing" at the Races to-morrow morning.

THE Amateur Dramatic Club's business will be thrashed out in to-morrow's *Telegraph*.

MADRID telegrams to the Manila papers indicate prospects of a tariff war between France and Spain over the question of wine duties.

THE Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s royal mail steamer *Empress of Japan* arrived at Vancouver at 12.30 p.m. on Thursday, the 18th inst.

DR. JAR. Cantile yesterday resumed his course of lectures before the St. John's Ambulance Corps (local police branch) at the Central Station.

THE Singapore *Free Press* "hears on good authority that the Hon. H. Trotter is engaged to be married." Bravo, Trotter! Going to trot in double harness!

THE London Lyric Company had arranged to leave Madras for Penang as soon after the 15th inst. as possible. The exact date of their arrival in Hongkong is yet uncertain.

ANOTHER dose of Robinsonian gush in course of preparation. His Excellency the Governor—*heaven bless him!*—has kindly consented to disburse the price to the people of the Diocesan School and Orphanage on Friday the 26th inst., at noon.

THE American mail papers, per *Oriente*, came to hand as were going to press.

THERE will be some interesting "powing" at the Races to-morrow morning.

THE Amateur Dramatic Club's business will be thrashed out in to-morrow's *Telegraph*.

MADRID telegrams to the Manila papers indicate prospects of a tariff war between France and Spain over the question of wine duties.

THE Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s royal mail steamer *Empress of Japan* arrived at Vancouver at 12.30 p.m. on Thursday, the 18th inst.

It appears from the Dutch papers that a telegram has reached the authorities in Java from the Dutch Government conveying instructions to stop all further proceedings in connection with the erection of a coaling station at Palo Way. In compliance with this order, which no one understands, all works have been stopped and the materials stored away.

INSPECTOR CORCORAN charged five Chinese members of the Water Police at the Magistracy this morning with being concerned in stealing 13 pounds of raw sugar from one of the East Point Sugar Refinery's lighters last night. It appeared from the evidence that Constable No. 364, who joined the force in 1884, was mainly responsible for the robbery and that he carried the sugar ashore from the police boat early this morning and hid it in the house of a Chinaman employed as a watchman by the Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company. The convict was fined \$48, by Mr. Woodhouse, with the alternative of going into retirement for two months.

By the *Sappho*, yesterday evening, says the *Singapore Free Press* of January 11th, there arrived Mr. Bibby, of Kuala Lumpur, and Mr. Fraser from Yss. Mr. Bibby, with him the four ingots, which are the product of the last three months' crushing, amounting in all to 1,016 ounces, 8 dwts. of smelted gold. These ingots were at once deposited in the Chartered Bank for transmission in due course to London. Mr. Bibby is looking well and expresses himself confidently as to the coming year. In the Kuala Lumpur workings the reef to the south end is looking better than ever it was, and bigger, being now about a yard wide and as nice-looking a reef as one would care to see, with gold distributed plentifully all through it.

**SUPREME COURT.**

**IN CRIMINAL SESSION.**

(Before Sir Fielding Clark, Chief Justice.)

January 19th.

A "SPECIAL JUROR."

Mr. E. Osborne, who failed to answer when called to serve on the special jury yesterday, appeared to-day before his



STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS FOR YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31ST, 1893.	
Receipts.	
Balance Forward from 1892.....	\$ 197.76
Weekly Contributions.....	162.50
Entrance Fees and Subscriptions.....	48.70
Amusement.....	504.30
Easter Prize Meeting.....	583.00
Entire and Donations.....	575
Interest on C/A.....	\$1,502.01

Expenditure.	
Cost of Prizes.....	\$ 121.25
Amusement.....	66.15
Cost.....	483.17
Easter Prize Meeting.....	\$192.00
Stationery, Advertising, Print- ing, and Expenses.....	352.72
Annual Subscription to N.R.A. (L.S.).....	44.75
Balance.....	\$334.40
Cash in Bank.....	11.27
Cash and Stamps in Hand.....	345.67
	\$1,502.01

Audited and found correct—  
ERNEST C. SHEPHERD,  
E. JONES HUGHES.

ARTHUR CHAPMAN,  
Hon. Treasurer.

Hongkong, January 15th, 1894.

### THE VANISHING ACT.

Jose Sanchez D'Aguiar  
Is being hunted near and far  
By the smartest of the Detective Force—  
Who have not caught him yet, of course.

As an Ordnance Store Department clerk,  
He played a trick, but couldn't keep dark;  
He sneaked a cheque-book from the office,  
And forged a name like a clumsy novice.

His pay was \$30 a month,  
His regular pay-day was the 15th,  
When the cheques are signed by Colonel  
Mulvey;

But that didn't suit this go-ahead boy,  
So Jose Sanchez saved him the trouble,  
And wanted to draw his month's pay double;  
He hid the cheque to go and plank  
His cheque on the counter of the Hongkong  
Bank.

But the bank clerk thought it a bit too rough,  
And not by a long chalk good enough;  
He told young Jose to wait a bit  
(While he sent the detective an urgent chit).

Then Sanchez did the "vanishing act,"  
He hid the cheque; as a matter of fact,  
He got out of the bank, we don't know how,  
And now he's probably in Macao.

### CHORUS

He's in an asylum now,  
In the "Gem of the East," Macao,  
Meditating on the cheque  
Over which he went to wreck—  
He's in the asylum now, poor devil!

### THE END OF THE PABANG RISING.

RAHMAN AND OTHER REBELS SURRENDER.  
Pekai, January 6th.  
The leading Pabang rebels, Rahman, Ravi,  
and Mat Kulu have at last definitely decided to  
surrender themselves to the Government, and  
they are shortly expected in Pekai. They have  
been obliged to take this step owing to the  
Keltan people having hunted them and their  
followers out of that State. The To Raja of  
Jelai has gone to Ulu Tanom to meet the rebels  
and bring them down.—*Straits Times.*

### LATE TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, December 15th.  
Several additional arrests have been made of  
persons said to be implicated in the murder of  
the Fenian Reld, in Dublin.  
A fight has taken place between the nihilists  
and the police in London. Fifteen policemen  
were injured. Fifty nihilists were arrested, five  
of whom committed suicide and twenty escaped.

December 16th.  
The Egyptian authorities have declined to  
sanction the further expenditure of public money  
upon the occupation of Egypt by the British  
army. The general obstructive action of the  
Egyptian officials is causing the Home Govern-  
ment some anxiety.

December 17th.  
In the case of Rachel Colonna who, to avoid  
her creditors, personated a plumber in 1886 and  
married Sophie Newland, who afterwards had  
four children, Mrs. Clarke, a relative of Colonna,  
claims the estate. The Probate Court decided  
that Mrs. Clarke's children will also share in the  
estate as the children of Rachel and Sophie must  
be illegitimate.

The wife of the Italian Prince Colonna is suing  
for divorce on the ground of the Prince's in-  
extricability. The Princess is a daughter of Mackay,  
the American "Silver King."

The King, or Negus, Abyssinia cut out the  
tongue and one foot of a servant who would not  
reveal a conspiracy. He afterwards cut his  
arms off and sent the man to the desert where  
he was devoured.

Fifteen hundred men employed in the docks  
of the Loire have struck against the eight hours  
system, claiming that it will reduce wages.

December 18th.  
A French spy has taken to Paris plans of the  
defences of Bombay, Aden, Rangoon and  
Kurrachee.

It is stated that French espionage is generally  
very active.

Lieutenants Degony and Malvay, who were  
sentenced to long periods of imprisonment in  
the fortress at Leipzig, in Germany, on a charge  
of being French spies, have made some good  
admissions.

The prisoners declare that they had their  
expenses paid by the French Government.  
They also stated that the French Embassy in  
England had hired an English yacht for them  
and had falsified their passports.

Admiral Cornwell, who was recently  
employed by the Turkish Government to report  
on the Turkish defences of the Bosphorus, says  
that they are in a condition of decay, but that  
the Turkish Government, is strengthening the fleet.

The British Government is informed that  
French Agents have just arrived at Paris with  
plans of the defences of Aden, Bombay, and  
other Indian ports, also details of Australian  
defences, shipping trade, and facilities for the  
quartering of troops.

A shocking event has happened at St. Peter-  
burg. A banquet was given at the Winter  
Palace in honour of a number of war veterans.  
Shortly afterwards fifteen of them died. Enquiry  
was at once instituted into the matter, with the  
result that it was found that the deaths of the  
old soldiers were due to their having partaken  
of a pie made of putrid meat.

Some French anarchists conspired to destroy  
with dynamite the public buildings of Saint-

Etienne, in Lohr, on the Rhine, a small effluent  
of the Loire, in the centre of the most valuable  
coalfields of France. Their design, however,  
was discovered and frustrated.

December 19th.  
The Swiss Chamber of Deputies is engaged in  
discussing a measure for the suppression of  
Anarchism in Switzerland. The measure is of  
a most drastic nature.

An International Congress for the purpose of  
combating cholera is to be held in Paris in  
January.

The French naval authorities have received a  
special report from experts to the effect that the  
French Navy is unequal to the requirements of  
the country.

The French have expelled two hundred  
anarchists who have settled mostly in London.  
The anarchists at their meetings held at Tower  
Hill threatened immense destruction to property  
at Christmas.

Elaborate precautions are being taken in  
France against further outrages by Anarchists  
and dynamiters; in order to prevent the threat-  
ened destruction of the Paris Bourse, the ex-  
posed points of the building are being covered with  
wire netting. Special measures are also being  
taken to guard against another explosion in the  
Chamber of Deputies, and the stranger's  
galleries are being defended with iron grills.

President Cleveland, in a message to Queen  
Liliuokalani, declares his willingness to restore  
her to the throne of Hawaii on condition that  
she grants an amnesty to all concerned in her  
deposition. The Queen has refused the terms.

The Pope is making a strong appeal to the  
Czar of Russia for the exertion of his Majesty's  
influence for the protection of Roman Catholics  
in Poland, whose condition is described as  
pitiable. Not only, it pointed out, is their prop-  
erty confiscated, but in many cases those re-  
fusing to join the Orthodox faith, are expelled  
or imprisoned.

The European situation is still disquieting.  
The press of France and Russia teems with  
allusions to the state of the defences of those  
countries, and the necessity of constant vigil-  
ance to guard against weaknesses.

M. Clemenceau, the well-known politician,  
who was rejected at the late general election to  
the French Chamber of Deputies, has caused  
much excitement by the publication of an attack  
on the naval policy of the Government.

He specially instances Toulon which, notwithstand-  
ing the boasted strength of its defences, he  
declares to be wholly unfit for war. He stig-  
matizes the torpedoes as antiquated, useless, and  
positively dangerous to the port itself.

The Russian Government are stated to be  
investing heavily in American cartridges.

December 20th.  
A serious dynamite outrage has been com-  
mitted in Bohemia where the house of a lawyer  
was wrecked by a disappointed client. Several  
members of the family were injured.

December 21st.  
The United States Government have de-  
spatched four warships to Rio de Janeiro for  
the protection of its subjects.

There are contradictory reports from Rio de  
Janeiro. The latest advises say that Admiral  
Mello has succeeded in capturing two of Presi-  
dent Peixoto's ships after a desperate engage-  
ment.

A severe encounter has also taken place on  
the island of Governor, in the Bay. Here the  
Loyalists fell into an ambush and were badly  
defeated.

Mrs. Robert Sevier, sister of the Marquis of  
Aylesbury and wife of the well-known cash  
maker of Melbourne, has sued Lieutenant  
Croble, whom she had jilted, to recover the love  
letters she had written him. A verdict was  
given for the defendant.

December 31st.  
The latest advice from the Cape state that it  
is expected that an amicable settlement will be  
arrived at, enabling Mr. Johnston to retain his  
post as Consul and Commissioner for British  
Zambesia.

Advice from the Cameroons state that the  
native troops there have mutinied and expelled  
the Germans from the Government House. The  
cruiser *Hyacinthe* arrived there later on and  
dispersed the mutineers.

PARIS, December 31st.  
The Court of Assizes at Angoulême has  
acquitted the French workmen accused of  
attacking Italians at Angoulême. Great dis-  
satisfaction prevails in Italy on account of the  
verdict.

PARIS, January 1st.  
Numerous arrests of Anarchists were made  
to-day at Paris, Rouen, Havre, Brest, Troyes,  
and Lyons, apparently in conformity with a  
concerted plan.

January 2nd.  
An Italian mob attacked the French Consul  
at Genoa, with stones. The Mayor of the  
town has apologized to the French Consul.

ATHENS, January 2nd.  
The Greek Budget for 1894 gives the receipts  
at eighty-seven million one hundred thousand  
drachmas, and the expenses at eighty-six million  
four hundred thousand drachmas. The balance  
will be applied to improving the position of the  
country's creditors and the money market by  
the gradual withdrawal of bank notes.

PARIS, January 3rd.  
Numerous seizures of material and chemicals  
from anarchists have taken place in Paris and  
the provinces, and numerous arrests have been  
made in different parts of the country.

At an official reception at which the various  
foreign representatives attended, President Car-  
not expressed the earnest desire of France for  
the maintenance of peace in Europe.

January 4th.  
All the French journals heartily approve the  
recent measures taken by Government for the  
suppression of anarchy.

A large number of public buildings have been  
burned down in Sicily by the infuriated rioters,  
Signor Crispi has decided to give full powers to  
the military to pacify the island.

### THE STATUS OF CHINESE EMIGRANTS.

The following important proclamation referring  
to the treatment of Chinese emigrants returning  
to their native land appears in the *Singapore*  
of January 13th and has been translated by the  
*N. C. Daily News*—

The Intendant of the Sa Sung-I Circuit in the  
matter of issuing a proclamation

Thave received instructions from his Excellency  
Lio, Superintendent of Southern Trade, in which  
he informs me that on the 6th of October, 1893,  
(27th K.S. XIX) a cover forwarded by express  
reached him from the Board of War,

transmitting a communication addressed to him  
by the Tsungli Yamen which ran as follows—

"The memorial submitted by Hsueh Tse-  
Minister to Great Britain, France, Italy and  
Belgium, in which he prays that new regulations  
be drawn up and the old restrictions as to  
emigration be removed, has been duly considered  
(by the Board) and the memorial embodying the  
views of the latter on the subject was presented  
on the 13th of September, 1893 (4th K.S. XIX).  
The Imperial rescript thereon was to the effect  
that the proposal as suggested be carried out,  
and that the Imperial rescript is the duty of the  
Yamen to transmit the same and forward it,  
together with a copy of the original memorial,  
to your Excellency in order that, after perusal,  
you may give the necessary instructions to the  
officials under your jurisdiction."

His Excellency goes on to say that having  
received the copies referred to he had issued  
circular orders to those concerned and further  
directed a proclamation to be drawn up in the  
sense indicated.

The following is a copy of the memorial  
accompanying the instructions—

"It is stated in the original memorial that the  
restrictions as to emigration beyond the seas  
were first imposed during the first years of the  
present dynasty and that they owed their origin  
to the trouble caused by the Taiwan bandits.  
"Thereafter, when order was restored in Tai-  
wan and the people on that island lived at peace  
with one another, his Imperial Majesty in the  
56th year of Kang Hsi (1718), by act of special  
grace, allowed all who had crossed the seas to  
return to their homes. In the 63rd year of Yung  
Cheng (1729) an edict issued pointing out that  
those who had crossed the seas and returned to some  
extent, yet there were a number of them,  
who, of their own free will, had decided to  
expatriate themselves and remain abroad,  
and others who in spite of legal restrictions  
secretly left the country. To all such, permission  
to return was refused. In the summer of the  
14th year of Kien Lung (1750) a case is recorded  
in which his Majesty severely punished one  
Ch'en Hiao and confiscated his merchandise for  
smuggling himself away to the East Indian  
islands and filling the position of 'bandit' (Kai-  
pian) there. From this date, when rules to govern ap-  
proach to the coast had not been decided on, the  
restrictions as to emigration were very stringent,  
but from the 23rd year of Tao Kuang (1844) on,  
international commercial treaties have been  
negotiated with all the nations of the East and  
West. In the first clause of the British treaty,  
signed at Nanking, it is laid down that the  
subjects of the two countries shall enjoy full  
security and protection for their persons and  
property within the dominions of the other, and  
the fifth of the additional articles to the treaty  
recognises the right which the subjects of one  
country possess, either to change their resi-  
dence or temporarily to reside within the  
dominions of the other.

"The Peruvian treaty and the Cuba Emigra-  
tion Convention likewise guarantee the protection  
of Chinese subjects abroad. Furthermore, Con-  
sults have been stationed at the principal foreign  
ports to safeguard their interests, and in these  
days of steamers and railways distances have  
been so enormously reduced that countries hereto-  
fore considered as situated at the confines of  
the earth are brought as close to us as the  
entrance of our own home. China's  
population is moreover, increasing day by day,  
and it is absolutely necessary that steps be taken  
to devise means whereby the people can be  
induced to earn a livelihood by hiring themselves  
out as labourers and by opening up avenues for  
trade to increase their material prosperity. The  
old prohibitions against emigration have gradu-  
ally fallen into desuetude, manners and customs  
have become more enlightened, a broad spirit  
of charity holds sway, and there are no distinc-  
tions of far and near.

"The Chinese Consul-General at Singa-  
pore has of late called attention to the fact  
that seventy per cent. of the traders in the  
islands of the Southern Sea are of Chi-  
nese nationality. In number they exceed a  
million (the number of Fuhkiensers greatly  
exceeding that of the Cantonese) and they  
are considered very wealthy. For more than a  
hundred years they have adhered to the Chinese  
calendar and mode of dress. Whenever a  
subscription has been started to relieve distress  
in China, they have always subscribed liberally,  
and they take pride in any honorary rank or  
distinction bestowed on them. When the sub-  
ject, however, of returning to their native land  
is touched upon, they shake their heads with a  
frown and tell one how, if they do so, they are  
examined by the officials, worried by the yamen  
runners, and pestered by their relatives and  
neighbours. People call them absconding  
prates who have made friends with foreigners,  
accuse them of importing arms to aid the bandits,  
of slave-dealing, etc., etc. Some even go  
the length of breaking open their boxes and tearing  
down the houses of those who return, in addition  
to suing them for imaginary debts, which it is  
alleged were contracted prior to their departure  
and of which they avoided payment by abscond-  
ing. The Chinese people are thus placed in a  
very awkward position. False charges they have  
no way of escape, and that is why they are afraid to  
come back. Others, again, of these returned  
emigrants pretend to be of foreign nationality  
and on the strength thereof practise deceptions  
of a kind which is past finding out.

"The only successful remedy for these abuses,  
the Consul-General says, is to issue proclama-  
tions throughout the length and breadth of the  
land announcing that the old restrictions being  
in abeyance new regulations will shortly be  
drawn up, and that the Chinese people should  
draw up, and send the same to the Yamen in the  
13th year of Tong Chih (1874) by the Emperor  
a memorial of Shen Pao-chien, then Governor-  
General of the Liangchiang, wherein, while  
advocating the opening up of Taiwan, he prayed  
that the old laws forbidding anyone to cross  
over to that island be completely done away  
with. He goes on to argue that as the measure  
has been attended by so much success, Chinese  
emigrants to foreign countries should be treated  
in the same way, and begs that the Tsungli  
Yamen be instructed to devise some efficient  
means of protection for this class of people, that  
be publicly announced that the old law  
has been changed, so that an end may be  
made to the exacting of officials and others,  
and that every Consul be authorized to issue a  
pass to all such returning emigrants.

"With regard to these remarks of the  
Consul-General, the memorialist would observe  
that, as since the opening of trade with  
foreigners Chinese subjects have been freely  
allowed to cross the seas and hire them-  
selves out as labourers, a law forbidding their  
return home is absurd, seeing that the  
return of Chinese subjects to their native land  
has been the subject of treaty provisions con-  
cluded with the United States and Peru recognising  
the perfect right of Chinese subjects to change their  
allegiance or domicile, the old laws enacted at  
the beginning of the dynasty have been practi-  
cally, although not formally, abrogated. This  
fact has, however, never been properly pub-  
lished abroad, and to this is to be attributed  
the facility with which yamen runners, relatives and  
neighbours have hitherto been enabled to worry  
and molest returning emigrants. Memorialist  
would therefore request that the laws of which  
the late memorialist instructions be given to the  
Board of Punishments to rescind the law having

reference to illicit emigration, and that the High  
Provincial authorities along the coast be directed  
to announce in the most public and widespread  
manner throughout every town and village the  
fact that such abrogation of the old law has taken  
place, and that henceforth all law-abiding Chinese  
subjects, irrespective of the length of their  
residence abroad, whether married or unmarried,  
are at liberty, on receiving a pass from the  
Chinese Minister or Consul, to return to their  
homes, and on arrival there are to be treated in  
the very same way as the ordinary habitants of  
the place. They can, if their business requires  
it, again go abroad without let or hindrance and  
without being subjected to any of the former  
exactions. Anybody interfering with them will  
be severely punished. This of course does not  
apply to such as give themselves out to be of  
foreign nationality or are guilty of other  
irregularities; these will be dealt with according  
to law.

"The passing of such a measure will afford  
yet another instance of your Majesty's all-  
embracing tender care for your Majesty's subjects  
and will enable those who are longing to revisit  
the homes of their fathers to gratify the supreme  
desire of their hearts.

"I have further received a despatch from the  
provincial Judge at Soochow in this sense, and  
have to observe that as all law-abiding Chinese  
subjects who have crossed the seas are still  
children of the Emperor, and as permission has  
been granted to such to return home under pass  
and live at peace in their own country, they must  
on their return be treated in exactly the same  
way as the other residents. I accordingly issue  
this proclamation and call upon all classes to  
render implicit obedience to the same. Here-  
after all persons who interfere with or in any  
way molest returned emigrants from abroad will  
be severely punished.

"As regards the returned emigrants them-  
selves they must endeavor to conduct them-  
selves in a peaceable and law-abiding manner;  
they must not represent themselves to be of  
foreign nationality in order to evade revenue  
laws, as by so doing they render themselves  
liable to punishment."

A special proclamation.

SOUTH FORMOSA NOTES.

Taiwan, January 5th, 1894.

Things have been so quiet during the greater  
portion of the year, that your correspondents  
have really had little to communicate. This must  
be his excuse for the paucity of his letters from  
Taiwan. With reference to matters political,  
things have proceeded up till recently in a  
satisfactory manner, that is to say, the camphor  
still, about which the latest troubles arose,  
have continued to be worked harmoniously;  
produce in considerable quantities coming down  
at regular intervals. It is true the *hitta* stations  
still exist within the port limit, but we have not  
heard of any further attempt to impose a tax on  
goods of foreign origin. In a word, it must thus  
be admitted that the officials, up to a week or  
two since, have been fairly carrying out the  
understanding arrived at just before Mr. Mr.  
Consul Warren left. At the present date, how-  
ever, on a question concerning the erection of  
a new district (not, be it noted, in such  
close proximity to 'savage' territory as those  
about which the former difficulty arose), the  
authorities seem inclined to re-open the question  
of foreign right to extend operations. Mr.  
Holland, relying on treaty rights and established  
local precedents, is firmly, though by no means  
aggressively, resisting what is after all merely  
an attempt, on the part of the local officials,  
to renew an already well-thrashed-out discus-  
sion. When Mr. Warren left Taiwan, com-  
pletely as he then appeared to have closed up  
pending questions, our regret at being deprived  
of one whose long experience rendered him so  
capable of protecting trade interests was con-  
siderably alleviated on finding that his successor  
was to be an official whose association with  
North and South Formosa, together with per-  
sonal knowledge of the last two Governors,  
rendered him most assuredly the fittest sub-  
stitute for our late able and energetic Consul.

It is therefore no disparagement to the coming  
member to say that, just at this juncture,  
he will find a harder task to pick up the threads  
of previous negotiations than if circumstances  
had favoured him with that special knowledge  
of local politics and requirements so preeminently  
possessed by Messrs. Warren and Holland.  
That Mr. Hurst will devote his attention and  
energy towards keeping up the traditions and  
achievements of his predecessors we have no  
reason to doubt, but just at this moment it is  
perhaps unfortunate that some delay must take  
place while our new Consul is making himself  
acquainted with current affairs and past events.  
It is possible that this will be once more neces-  
sary for Mr. Sandline to proceed to the proposed scene  
of future camphor operations, and we are able to  
admit that the very fair attitude assumed during  
the past year by the high officials renders the  
possibility of a friendly settlement being arrived  
at more hopeful than might otherwise have been  
the case. The camphor trade is so rapidly  
becoming an important one both for foreigners  
as well as for the island generally, that it is much  
to be desired that some permanent settlement  
may be come to which will avert these distract-  
ing and unnecessary interruptions. The sugar  
crop this year promises to be a very large one,  
and already two or three cargoes have gone forward  
for Nippon and the North; while from Takow  
the first steamer is likely to leave for Japan at  
very distant date.—*N. C. Daily News Cor.*

DEAFNESS COMPLETELY CURED! Any  
person suffering from Deafness, Noise in the  
Head, &c., may learn of a new, simple treatment,  
which is proving very successful in completely  
curing cases of all kinds. Full particulars,  
including many unsolicited testimonials and  
newspaper press notices, will be sent post free  
on application. The system is without doubt,  
the most successful ever brought before the  
public. Address, Aural Specialist, Albany  
Buildings, 59, Victoria Street, Westminster,  
London, S.W.

Today's  
Advertisements.

THE AUSTIN ARMS HOTEL AND BUILD-  
ING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRA-  
ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING  
of the COMPANY will be held at its Registered  
Office, 38 and 40, Queen's Road Central, on  
SATURDAY, the 3rd February next, at NOON,  
where the Subjuncted Resolution, which was  
passed at the Extraordinary Meeting of the  
Company held on the 18th January instant, will  
be submitted for Confirmation as a Special  
Resolution—

"That THE AUSTIN ARMS HOTEL AND  
BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED, be  
wound-up voluntarily under the provisions  
of the Companies Ordinance 1865 to 1893,  
and that HART BUCK, of Victoria, in the  
Colony of Hongkong, be and he is hereby  
appointed Liquidator for the purposes of  
such winding-up."

By Order,  
JOHN A. JUPP,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, 19th January, 1894.

Today's  
Advertisements.

VICTORIA CHAPTER,  
No. 525.

A REGULAR CONVOCATION of the  
above Chapter will be held in the FREE-  
MASON'S HALL, Zealand Street, THIS EVENING,  
the 19th instant, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely.  
Visiting Brethren are cordially invited.  
Hongkong, 19th January, 1894.

D'ARCS' MARIONETTES  
AND  
FANTOCHES FRANCAISES.

THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING  
POSITIVELY THE LAST NIGHT  
BUT ONE.  
GRAND MILITARY NIGHT,  
Under the Patronage of  
GENERAL BARKER, C.B.

TO-MORROW  
(SATURDAY) AFTERNOON AT 4 P.M.  
POSITIVELY THE LAST MATINEE.

SPECIAL PRICES:—  
Boxes & Stalls ..... \$1.50  
Second Class ..... \$1.00  
Third Class ..... \$0.50  
Gallery ..... \$0.25  
Children half-price to all parts except gallery.

SATURDAY: POSITIVELY THE LAST.  
Prices as Usual.  
The Troupe leave on or about the 23rd for  
Manila.

NOTICE.  
As the General Manager has left for Manila,  
no Accounts will be recognised unless the order  
bears the signature of Miss MARIE D'ARC.  
Misses M. N. & E. D'ARC,  
Sole Proprietors.  
E. C. CLITHEROW,  
General Manager.

Hongkong, 19th January, 1894.

OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAM  
SHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE.  
CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Steamship  
"OCEANIC"  
are hereby notified that their Goods are being  
landed and stored at their risk in the Company's  
Godowns at Wanchai, from whence delivery  
may be obtained, on countersignature of Bills of  
Lading.

Goods remaining unclaimed after the 30th inst.  
will be subject to sale.  
No Fire Insurance has been effected.  
J. S. VAN BUREN,  
Agent.

Hongkong, 19th January, 1894.

Intimations.

HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

THE SHORT RANGE CUP will be Shot  
for TO-MORROW, the 20th instant—  
Rangers, 500 and 600 yards. Time, 2.45 P.M.  
ED. ROBINSON,  
Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 17th January, 1894.

STRAYED  
FROM Pedder's Hill yesterday afternoon, a  
FOUNDER PUPPY. The Finder will  
oblige by returning the missing animal to  
"THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH"  
OFFICE.

Hongkong, 16th January, 1894.

THE PHARMACY,  
86, QUEEN'S ROAD.

MESSRS. FLETCHER & Co. beg to  
inform the Residents of Hongkong and  
the Shipping Community, that they have now  
OPENED at the above address. The Store is  
managed by a thoroughly competent Chemist  
who takes every care that all DRUGS and  
CHEMICALS used in the compounding of pre-  
scriptions are PURE and FRESH.

FLETCHER & Co. have on hand a good  
selection of Druggists' Sundries and Patent  
Medicines.  
Telephone No. 74. FLETCHER & Co.  
Hongkong, 23rd September, 1893.

D. R. K. NORRIS  
LION BRAND  
ANTIPYRINE.

(DOSE FOR ADULTS 15 TO 35 GRAINS TROY.)

IS the most approved and most efficacious  
remedy in cases of HEADACHE, MI-  
GRAINE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM,  
FEVER, TYPHUS, INFLUENZA, DENGUE,  
ERYSIPELAS, HOOPING COUGH, and  
many other complaints. It is also the very  
best Antiseptic. Highly recommended by the  
Medical Faculty. Ask for DR. KNOX'S  
ANTIPYRINE! Each Tin bears the inventor's  
signature "DR. KNOX" in red letters.

"DERMATOL" is the best Vaseline; its  
effect in stimulating the closing up of Wounds,  
is described as amazing.  
To be had at every reputed Chemist and  
Druggist.  
Supplies constantly on hand at the China  
Export



## The Share Market.

## LATEST QUOTATIONS.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—100 per cent.  
The National Bank of China, Ltd.—on £8.00  
paid up—\$25, sellers.  
The National Bank of China, Ltd.—Founders  
shares, nominal.  
Tao Bank of China, Japan & the Straits, Ltd.—  
nominal.  
The Bank of China, Japan & the Straits, Ltd.—  
Founders' shares, nominal.  
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884—24 per cent.  
premium, sellers.  
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884—2 per cent.  
premium, buyers.  
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1886—14 per cent.  
premium.  
Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$98 per  
share, sellers.  
China Traders' Insurance Company—\$55 per  
share, sellers.  
North China Insurance—Tis. 145 per share,  
buyers.  
Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$137 per  
share, sellers.  
Yantai Insurance Association—\$62, buyers.  
On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—Tis. 15  
per share.  
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—\$220 per  
share, sales and sellers.  
China Fire Insurance Company—\$82 per share,  
sales and buyers.  
Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.—  
\$28 per share, sellers.  
China and Manila Steam Ship Company—\$57  
sellers.  
Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited—  
40 per cent. discount, sellers.  
Douglas Steamship Company—\$41, sales and  
buyers.  
The Steam Launch Co., Limited—\$20 per share,  
buyers.  
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—30  
per cent. premium, sales and sellers.  
Geo. Fenwick & Co., Limited—\$18 per share,  
buyers.  
Hongkong Hotel Company—\$13 per share,  
sellers.  
Hongkong Hotel Co.'s Six per cent. Debentures

The Austin Arms Hotel and Building Company,  
Limited—\$4 per share, sellers.  
The Shampan Hotel Co., Limited—\$4 per  
share, sellers.  
Punong Mining Co.—\$7 per share, sales and  
sellers.  
The Raab Gold Mining Co., Limited—\$4 per  
share, buyers.  
The Balmoral Gold Mining Co., Limited—  
\$1 per share, sales and buyers.  
Société Française des Charbonnages du Tonkin  
—\$75 per share, buyers.  
The Jebeu Mining and Trading Co., Limited—  
\$5.05, sales and buyers.  
London and Pacific Petroleum Co., Ltd.—\$18  
per share, sales and buyers.  
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$182  
per share, sales and buyers.  
Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$35  
buyers.  
A. S. Watson & Co., Limited—\$10, sales and  
sellers.  
Dakin, Cruickshank & Co., Limited—\$18 per  
share, sales and buyers.  
Hongkong Dairy Farm Co., Limited—\$7 per  
share, sales and buyers.  
The Kowloon Land Investment Co., Limited—  
\$9 per share, sellers.  
The Hongkong Land Investment Co., Limited—  
\$85, sales and buyers.  
The West Point Buildings Co., Limited—\$20  
per share, sellers.  
H. G. Brown & Co., Limited—\$8 per share,  
buyers.  
Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown  
Company—\$32 per share, sellers.  
Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company,  
Limited—\$100 per share, sales and buyers.  
Hongkong Gas Company—\$110 per share,  
buyers.  
Hongkong Ice Company—\$81 per share, buyers.  
Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited—  
\$8 per share, sales and buyers.  
The Hongkong Brick and Cement Co., Limited—  
\$4 per share, sales and buyers.  
The Green Island Cement Co.—\$5, sales and  
buyers.  
The Hongkong Electric Light Co., Limited—  
\$4, sales and buyers.  
The Hongkong Steam Laundry Co., Limited—  
\$35 per share, nominal.  
The Hongkong High-Level Tramway Co.,  
Limited—\$62 ex. Div. buyers.

ON LONDON—Bank, T. T. .... 2/3  
Bank Bills, on demand ..... 2/3  
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight ..... 2/3  
Credits at 4 months' sight ..... 2/3  
Documentary Bills, at 4 months'  
sight ..... 2/3  
ON PARIS—  
Bank Bills, on demand ..... 2/8  
Credits, at 4 months' sight ..... 2/9  
ON INDIA—  
T. T. .... 18 1/2  
On Demand ..... 18 1/2  
ON SHANGHAI—  
Bank, T. T. .... 72  
Private, 30 days' sight ..... 72 1/2

## VISITORS AT THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

Mr. W. Arndt. Mr. R. Lyall.  
Mr. J. de R. Barros. Mr. J. Williams.  
Mr. von Brandt. Mr. K. Matsumoto.  
Miss Caldwell. Mr. T. Mitchell.  
Mr. R. Chenoweth. Rev. J. M. Morton.  
Mr. A. J. Easton. Mr. H. J. Pearce.  
Mr. & Mrs. A. Harris. Mr. F. von der Pfordten.  
Mr. F. Henderson. Mr. von der Pfordten.  
Mr. & Mrs. Howard. Mr. & Mrs. H. H. H.  
Mr. & Mrs. H. H. H. Mr. & Mrs. T. E.  
Mr. J. Kinghorn. Mr. & Mrs. T. E.  
Mr. T. Kruse. Mr. & Mrs. T. E.  
Baron and Baroness de. Mr. A. Schomburg.  
Ladislav. Mr. & Mrs. F. Schuch.  
Mrs. E. D. Lane. Mr. J. H. Scott.  
Mr. & Mrs. O. W. Mr. F. E. Shean.  
Lindholm. Captain Tillet.  
Miss N. Lindholm. Mr. R. L. Thomson.  
Miss A. Lindholm. Mr. J. V. Ullall.  
Miss L. Lindholm. Dr. & Mrs. W. Young.

## VISITORS AND RESIDENTS AT THE PEAK HOTEL.

Capt. and Mrs. Hunt. Mr. Spilg.  
Mr. MacLean. Mr. F. Findlay-Smith.  
Mr. Medhurst. Mr. S. G. G.  
Capt. and Mrs. Moore. Capt. & Mrs. Wolman.  
Mr. J. M. Murray. Mr. F. E. White.  
Mr. & Mrs. G. Grimble.

## Post Office.

A MAIL WILL CLOSE—  
For Amoy and Takow—Per *Higo Maru* to-  
morrow, the 20th instant, at 11.30 A.M.  
For Singapore, Samarang, and Soerabaya—  
Per *Hongkong* to-morrow, the 20th instant, at 11.30  
P.M.  
For Singapore, Penang, and Bangkok—Per  
*China* to-morrow, the 20th instant, at 1.30 P.M.

## HONGKONG TEMPERATURE.

(From Messrs. Geo. Fahnst & Co's Register.)	
To-day.	
Barometer at 6 A.M.	30.0
Barometer at 12 P.M.	30.0
Barometer at 6 P.M.	30.0
Thermometer at 6 A.M.	64
Thermometer at 12 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 6 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 10 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 4 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 7 P.M.	64
Thermometer at 1	